

## F07PHF (SSPRFS/DSPRFS) – NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

**Note.** Before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

F07PHF (SSPRFS/DSPRFS) returns error bounds for the solution of a real symmetric indefinite system of linear equations with multiple right-hand sides,  $AX = B$  using packed storage. It improves the solution by iterative refinement, in order to reduce the backward error as much as possible.

### 2 Specification

```

SUBROUTINE F07PHF(UPLO, N, NRHS, AP, AFP, IPIV, B, LDB, X, LDX,
1             FERR, BERR, WORK, IWORK, INFO)
ENTRY      ssprfs(UPLO, N, NRHS, AP, AFP, IPIV, B, LDB, X, LDX,
1             FERR, BERR, WORK, IWORK, INFO)
INTEGER    N, NRHS, IPIV(*), LDB, LDX, IWORK(*), INFO
real      AP(*), AFP(*), B(LDB,*), X(LDX,*), FERR(*),
1             BERR(*), WORK(*)
CHARACTER*1 UPLO

```

The ENTRY statement enables the routine to be called by its LAPACK name.

### 3 Description

This routine returns the backward errors and estimated bounds on the forward errors for the solution of a real symmetric indefinite system of linear equations with multiple right-hand sides  $AX = B$ , using packed storage. The routine handles each right-hand side vector (stored as a column of the matrix  $B$ ) independently, so we describe the function of the routine in terms of a single right-hand side  $b$  and solution  $x$ .

Given a computed solution  $x$ , the routine computes the *component-wise backward error*  $\beta$ . This is the size of the smallest relative perturbation in each element of  $A$  and  $b$  such that  $x$  is the exact solution of a perturbed system

$$(A + \delta A)x = b + \delta b$$

$$|\delta a_{ij}| \leq \beta |a_{ij}| \quad \text{and} \quad |\delta b_i| \leq \beta |b_i|.$$

Then the routine estimates a bound for the *component-wise forward error* in the computed solution, defined by:

$$\max_i |x_i - \hat{x}_i| / \max_i |x_i|$$

where  $\hat{x}$  is the true solution.

For details of the method, see the Chapter Introduction.

### 4 References

- [1] Golub G H and van Loan C F (1996) *Matrix Computations* Johns Hopkins University Press (3rd Edition), Baltimore

### 5 Parameters

- 1: UPLO — CHARACTER\*1 *Input*  
*On entry:* indicates whether the upper or lower triangular part of  $A$  is stored and how  $A$  has been factorized, as follows:

if UPLO = 'U', then the upper triangular part of  $A$  is stored and  $A$  is factorized as  $PUDU^T P^T$ , where  $U$  is upper triangular;  
 if UPLO = 'L', then the lower triangular part of  $A$  is stored and  $A$  is factorized as  $PLDL^T P^T$ , where  $L$  is lower triangular.

*Constraint:* UPLO = 'U' or 'L'.

- 2:** N — INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:*  $n$ , the order of the matrix  $A$ .  
*Constraint:*  $N \geq 0$ .
- 3:** NRHS — INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:*  $r$ , the number of right-hand sides.  
*Constraint:* NRHS  $\geq 0$ .
- 4:** AP(\*) — *real* array *Input*  
**Note:** the dimension of the array AP must be at least  $\max(1, N*(N+1)/2)$ .  
*On entry:* the  $n$  by  $n$  original symmetric matrix  $A$  as supplied to F07PDF (SSPTRF/DSPTRF).
- 5:** AFP(\*) — *real* array *Input*  
**Note:** the dimension of the array AFP must be at least  $\max(1, N*(N+1)/2)$ .  
*On entry:* details of the factorization of  $A$  stored in packed form, as returned by F07PDF (SSPTRF/DSPTRF).
- 6:** IPIV(\*) — INTEGER array *Input*  
**Note:** the dimension of the array IPIV must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .  
*On entry:* details of the interchanges and the block structure of  $D$ , as returned by F07PDF (SSPTRF/DSPTRF).
- 7:** B(LDB,\*) — *real* array *Input*  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array B must be at least  $\max(1, NRHS)$ .  
*On entry:* the  $n$  by  $r$  right-hand side matrix  $B$ .
- 8:** LDB — INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array B as declared in the (sub)program from which F07PHF (SSPRFS/DSPRFS) is called.  
*Constraint:* LDB  $\geq \max(1, N)$ .
- 9:** X(LDX,\*) — *real* array *Input/Output*  
**Note:** the second dimension of the array X must be at least  $\max(1, NRHS)$ .  
*On entry:* the  $n$  by  $r$  solution matrix  $X$ , as returned by F07PEF (SSPTRS/DSPTRS).  
*On exit:* the improved solution matrix  $X$ .
- 10:** LDX — INTEGER *Input*  
*On entry:* the first dimension of the array X as declared in the (sub)program from which F07PHF (SSPRFS/DSPRFS) is called.  
*Constraint:* LDX  $\geq \max(1, N)$ .
- 11:** FERR(\*) — *real* array *Output*  
**Note:** the dimension of the array FERR must be at least  $\max(1, NRHS)$ .  
*On exit:* FERR( $j$ ) contains an estimated error bound for the  $j$ th solution vector, that is, the  $j$ th column of  $X$ , for  $j = 1, 2, \dots, r$ .

- 12:** BERR(\*) — *real* array *Output*  
**Note:** the dimension of the array BERR must be at least  $\max(1, \text{NRHS})$ .  
*On exit:* BERR( $j$ ) contains the component-wise backward error bound  $\beta$  for the  $j$ th solution vector, that is, the  $j$ th column of  $X$ , for  $j = 1, 2, \dots, r$ .
- 13:** WORK(\*) — *real* array *Workspace*  
**Note:** the dimension of the array WORK must be at least  $\max(1, 3*N)$ .
- 14:** IWORK(\*) — INTEGER *Workspace*  
**Note:** the dimension of the array IWORK must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .
- 15:** INFO — INTEGER *Output*  
*On exit:* INFO = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

INFO < 0

If INFO =  $-i$ , the  $i$ th parameter had an illegal value. An explanatory message is output, and execution of the program is terminated.

## 7 Accuracy

The bounds returned in FERR are not rigorous, because they are estimated, not computed exactly; but in practice they almost always overestimate the actual error.

## 8 Further Comments

For each right-hand side, computation of the backward error involves a minimum of  $4n^2$  floating-point operations. Each step of iterative refinement involves an additional  $6n^2$  operations. At most 5 steps of iterative refinement are performed, but usually only 1 or 2 steps are required.

Estimating the forward error involves solving a number of systems of linear equations of the form  $Ax = b$ ; the number is usually 4 or 5 and never more than 11. Each solution involves approximately  $2n^2$  operations.

The complex analogues of this routine are F07PVF (CHPRFS/ZHPRFS) for Hermitian matrices and F07QVF (CSPRFS/ZSPRFS) for symmetric matrices.

## 9 Example

To solve the system of equations  $AX = B$  using iterative refinement and to compute the forward and backward error bounds, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2.07 & 3.87 & 4.20 & -1.15 \\ 3.87 & -0.21 & 1.87 & 0.63 \\ 4.20 & 1.87 & 1.15 & 2.06 \\ -1.15 & 0.63 & 2.06 & -1.81 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} -9.50 & 27.85 \\ -8.38 & 9.90 \\ -6.07 & 19.25 \\ -0.96 & 3.93 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here  $A$  is symmetric indefinite, stored in packed form, and must first be factorized by F07PDF (SSPTRF/DSPTRF).

## 9.1 Program Text

**Note.** The listing of the example program presented below uses bold italicised terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```

*   F07PHF Example Program Text
*   Mark 15 Release. NAG Copyright 1991.
*   .. Parameters ..
INTEGER          NIN, NOUT
PARAMETER       (NIN=5,NOUT=6)
INTEGER          NMAX, NRHMAX, LDB, LDX
PARAMETER       (NMAX=8,NRHMAX=NMAX,LDB=NMAX,LDX=NMAX)
*   .. Local Scalars ..
INTEGER          I, IFAIL, INFO, J, N, NRHS
CHARACTER        UPLO
*   .. Local Arrays ..
real           AFP(NMAX*(NMAX+1)/2), AP(NMAX*(NMAX+1)/2),
+               B(LDB,NRHMAX), BERR(NRHMAX), FERR(NRHMAX),
+               WORK(3*NMAX), X(LDX,NMAX)
INTEGER          IPIV(NMAX), IWORK(NMAX)
*   .. External Subroutines ..
EXTERNAL         F06QFF, ssprfs, ssptrf, ssptrs, X04CAF
*   .. Executable Statements ..
WRITE (NOUT,*) 'F07PHF Example Program Results'
Skip heading in data file
READ (NIN,*)
READ (NIN,*) N, NRHS
IF (N.LE.NMAX .AND. NRHS.LE.NRHMAX) THEN
*
*       Read A and B from data file, and copy A to AFP and B to X
*
    READ (NIN,*) UPLO
    IF (UPLO.EQ.'U') THEN
        READ (NIN,*) ((AP(I+J*(J-1)/2),J=I,N),I=1,N)
    ELSE IF (UPLO.EQ.'L') THEN
        READ (NIN,*) ((AP(I+(2*N-J)*(J-1)/2),J=1,I),I=1,N)
    END IF
    READ (NIN,*) ((B(I,J),J=1,NRHS),I=1,N)
    DO 20 I = 1, N*(N+1)/2
        AFP(I) = AP(I)
20  CONTINUE
*
    CALL F06QFF('General',N,NRHS,B,LDB,X,LDX)
*
*   Factorize A in the array AFP
*
    CALL ssptrf(UPLO,N,AFP,IPIV,INFO)
*
    WRITE (NOUT,*)
    IF (INFO.EQ.0) THEN
*
*       Compute solution in the array X
*
        CALL ssptrs(UPLO,N,NRHS,AFP,IPIV,X,LDX,INFO)
*
*       Improve solution, and compute backward errors and
*       estimated bounds on the forward errors
*
        CALL ssprfs(UPLO,N,NRHS,AP,AFP,IPIV,B,LDB,X,LDX,FERR,BERR,

```

```

+          WORK,IWORK,INFO)
*
*          Print solution
*
*          IFAIL = 0
*
*          CALL X04CAF('General',' ',N,NRHS,X,LDX,'Solution(s)',IFAIL)
*
*          WRITE (NOUT,*)
*          WRITE (NOUT,*) 'Backward errors (machine-dependent)'
*          WRITE (NOUT,99999) (BERR(J),J=1,NRHS)
*          WRITE (NOUT,*)
+          'Estimated forward error bounds (machine-dependent)'
*          WRITE (NOUT,99999) (FERR(J),J=1,NRHS)
*          ELSE
*          WRITE (NOUT,*) 'The factor D is singular'
*          END IF
*          END IF
*          STOP
*
*          99999 FORMAT ((3X,1P,7e11.1))
*          END

```

## 9.2 Program Data

F07PHF Example Program Data

```

4 2          :Values of N and NRHS
'L'         :Value of UPLO
2.07
3.87 -0.21
4.20  1.87  1.15
-1.15  0.63  2.06 -1.81 :End of matrix A
-9.50 27.85
-8.38  9.90
-6.07 19.25
-0.96  3.93          :End of matrix B

```

## 9.3 Program Results

F07PHF Example Program Results

Solution(s)

	1	2
1	-4.0000	1.0000
2	-1.0000	4.0000
3	2.0000	3.0000
4	5.0000	2.0000

Backward errors (machine-dependent)

9.5E-17 8.3E-17

Estimated forward error bounds (machine-dependent)

2.4E-14 3.3E-14